## Render to Caesar...

Matthew 22	Mark 12	Luke 20
<b>15 {a}</b> Then the Pharisees went and took counsel [] <sup>1</sup>		<b>20 {a}</b> They watched him and sent out spies, who pretended to be righteous, []
<b>15 {b}</b> [] how they might entrap him in his talk.	13 {c} [] that they might trap him with words.	<b>20 {b}</b> [] that they might trap him in something he said, []
		<b>20</b> { <b>c</b> } [] so as to deliver him up to the power and authority of the governor.
<b>16</b> { <b>a</b> } They sent their disciples to him, []	13 (a) They sent some of the Pharisees []	
<b>16 (b)</b> [] along with the Herodians, [] <sup>2</sup>	<b>13 {b}</b> [] and the Herodians to him, []	
	<b>14</b> { <b>a</b> } When they had come, []	
<b>16</b> { <b>c</b> } [] saying, "Teacher, we know that you are honest," []	<b>14 {b}</b> [] they asked him, "Teacher, we know that you are honest," []	<b>21</b> { <b>a</b> } They asked him, "Teacher, we know that you say and teach what is right," []
<b>16</b> { <b>e</b> } [] "no matter whom you teach;" []	<b>14</b> { <b>c</b> } [] "and don't defer to anyone;" []	
<b>16 {f</b> } [] "for you aren't partial to anyone."	14 (d) [] "for you aren't partial to anyone," []	<b>21 (b)</b> [] "and aren't partial to anyone," []
<b>16</b> { <b>d</b> } [] "and teach the way of God in truth," []	$14$ {e} [] "but truly teach the way of God." []	<b>21</b> { <b>c</b> } [] "but truly teach the way of God."
17 {a} "Tell us therefore, what do you think?" []		
<b>17 {b}</b> [] "Is it lawful to pay taxes to Caesar, or not?" <sup>3</sup>	<b>14</b> { <b>f</b> } [] "Is it lawful to pay taxes to Caesar, or not?"	<b>22</b> "Is it lawful for us to pay taxes to Caesar, or not?"
	<b>15</b> $\{a\}$ "Shall we give, or shall we not give?" $[]^4$	
<b>18 (a)</b> But Jesus perceived their wickedness, and said, "Why do you test me," []	<b>15 {b}</b> [] But he, knowing their hypocrisy, said to them, "Why do you test me?" []	23 But he perceived their craftiness, and said to them, "Why do you test me?"
<b>18 {b}</b> [] "you hypocrites?"		
<b>19 (a)</b> "Show me the tax money." []	15 {c} [] "Bring me a denarius, that I may see it."5	<b>24</b> { <b>a</b> } "Show me a denarius." []
<b>19 {b}</b> [] They brought to him a denarius.	<b>16 {a}</b> They brought it. []	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Pharisees (Mt 22:15a; Mk 12:13a) were strict traditionalists, who typically opposed the encroachment of Roman culture and practices.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Herodians (Mt 22:16b; Mk 12:13b) were supporters of the existing Roman administration, led by Herod Antipas—even if not supporters of Roman rule in general.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The ruler in question (Mt 22:17b; Mk 12:14f; Lk 20:22) was Tiberius Julius Caesar Augustus, also known as Tiberius. However, the scope of the question is not limited only to this Caesar.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Aside from the political implications to this question (Mt 22:17b; Mk 12:14f-15a; Lk 20:22), the pagan themes present in the designs of the denarius coins would have offended the Jews' religious sensibilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> A denarius (Mt 22:19b; Mk 1215c; Lk 20:24a) was roughly the equivalent of one day's wages for the average menial laborer.

Matthew 22	Mark 12	Luke 20
<b>20</b> He asked them, "Whose is this image and inscription?" 6	16 {b} [] He said to them, "Whose is this image and inscription?" []	<b>24 {b</b> } [] "Whose image and inscription are on it?" []
<b>21</b> { <b>a</b> } They said to him, "Caesar's." []	<b>16</b> { <b>c</b> } [] They said to him, "Caesar's."	<b>24</b> { <b>c</b> } [] They answered, "Caesar's."
21 {b} [] Then he said to them, "Give therefore to Caesar the things that are Caesar's, and to God the things that are God's."	17 {a} Jesus answered them, "Render to Caesar the things that are Caesar's, and to God the things that are God's." []	25 He said to them, "Then give to Caesar the things that are Caesar's, and to God the things that are God's."
		<b>26 (a)</b> They weren't able to trap him in his words before the people. []
22 (a) When they heard it, they marveled, []	17 {b} [] They marveled greatly at him.	<b>26 {b}</b> [] They marveled at his answer []
		<b>26</b> { <b>c</b> } [] and were silent.
<b>22 {b}</b> [] and left him and went away.		

 $<sup>^6</sup>$  The Greek words translated as "image" and "inscription" are εἰκων (eikon) and ἐπιγραφη (epigraphē), respectively, from which we get words like icon and epigraph. These are symbols of authority.